

# PORTER, WRIGHT, MORRIS & ARTHUR

Attorneys & Counselors at Law



MARK E. DUELL 614-227-2021 mduell@porterwright.com

February 16, 1999

#### VIA EXPRESS MAIL RECEIPT NO. EM330442288US

The Honorable Assistant Commissioner for Patents **BOX PATENT APPLICATION** Washington, D.C. 20231

Re:

Continuation Application for United States Letters Patent

Applicants:

Peter J. Kight

Mark A. Johnson

Tamara K. Christenson

Regina Lach Philip Pointer Kenneth Cook

Filed: February 16, 1999

Title: SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ELECTRONICALLY PROVIDING CUSTOMER SERVICES INCLUDING PAYMENT OF BILLS,

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AND LOANS

Attorney Docket No.: 1761100-b075803

Continuation of:

SN 08/372,620, filed January 13, 1995

Examiner R. Weinhardt, Art Unit 2761

#### Dear Sir:

Enclosed for filing is a Continuation Application for United States Letters Patent for the above-referenced invention. Please find:

- A Specification of 31 pages including 33 Claims, an Abstract, and an attached Exhibit A:
  - 2. Seven sheets of Drawings;
- A copy of the Declaration and Power of Attorney filed in the parent applications, SN 08/372,620 and SN 07/736,071;

The Honorable Assistant Commissioner for Patents BOX PATENT APPLICATION February 16, 1999 Page 2

- 4. Authorization Re Deposit Account (in duplicate);
- 5. Check in the amount of \$1,930 (Filing fee of \$760, \$234 for 13 Claims in excess of 20, and \$936 for 12 Independent Claims in excess of three); and
  - 6. Certificate of Filing by Express Mail.

Also enclosed is our postcard receipt which we ask that you acknowledge and return to us.

Very truly yours,

Mark E. Duell Reg. No. 40,597

Enclosures

cc: William C. Buckham, Esq. (w/ encl.) Curtis A. Loveland, Esq. (w/o encl.)

Laurie N. Jacques, Esq. (w/o encl.)

COLUMBUS/0511078 03



# SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ELECTRONICALLY PROVIDING CUSTOMER SERVICES INCLUDING PAYMENT OF BILLS, FINANCIAL ANALYSIS AND LOANS

#### **RELATED APPLICATIONS**

This is a continuation of co-pending Application for United States Letters Patent Serial No. 08/372,620, filed January 13, 1995, which will issue as U.S. Patent No 5,873,072 on February 16, 1999, which was a continuation of co-pending application for United States Letters Patent Serial No. 07/736,071, filed on July 25, 1991, which issued as United States Patent No. 5,383,113 on January 17, 1995, each having the common assignee of the present invention and each incorporated herein by reference for all purposes.

#### BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to apparatus and methods for paying bills. More particularly, the present invention is a computerized system for paying bills whereby a consumer may contact a single source from a remote location via a telephone, a computer terminal with modem, or other electronic means, to direct the single source to pay the consumer's bills instead of the consumer writing checks for each bill. A microfiche appendix has been submitted with the parent case of this Application Serial No. 07/736,071, which issued as United States Letters Patent No. 5,383,113 on January 17, 1995, which contains

the program code of the present invention and which in its entirety is incorporated herein by reference. An additional hard copy of the appendix is attached as Exhibit A.

It has been common for many years for consumers to pay monthly bills by way of a personal check written by the consumer and sent by mail to the entity from which the bill or invoice was received. Consumers have used other ways to pay bills, including personally visiting the billing entity to make a cash payment. In today's economy, it is not unusual for a consumer to have several regular monthly invoices to pay. Writing individual checks to pay each invoice can be time-consuming and costly due to postage and other related expenses.

A need exists for a method whereby a consumer can contact a single source and inform the source to pay various bills of the consumer, to have the source adjust the consumer's account with the consumer's financial institution (i.e., bank, credit union, savings and loan association, etc.) to reflect a bill payment, and to actually pay the billing entity a specified amount by a particular time. The system should be efficient and not unreasonably expensive and relatively simple for a consumer to interact with. Some banks have attempted to provide a service for making payment to a few billing entities to which the banks have established relations. The banks that do provide that type of service are limited in that they provide the service only for their own customers since the banks have not developed a system for accurately acquiring and processing account numbers and balances of customers of all other banking institutions and coordinating that information with bill payment.

Furthermore, banks have not developed a system for managing the risks involved in providing such a service and the inherent complexities of providing the service to consumers other than the bank's own customers. Therefore, a need exists for a single source bill payment system that would be available to any consumer, regardless of where the consumer banks and regardless of what bills are to be paid.

The present invention is designed to fulfill the above listed needs. The invention provides a universal bill payment system that works regardless of the consumer's financial institution and bill to be paid. The present invention provides a computerized system by which a consumer may pay bills utilizing the telephone, a computer terminal, or other electronic, data transmission means. Transactions are recorded against the consumer's account wherever he or she banks. The consumer may be an individual or a business, large or small. The present invention works regardless of where the consumer banks.

The method of the present invention includes: gathering consumer information and creating a master file with banking information and routing codes; inputting payment instructions by the consumer at a convenient location (e.g., at home), typically remote from the payment service provider, by using an input terminal such as a push-button telephone; applying the payment instructions to the consumer's file; using computer software of the present invention to examine various files to determine such things as what is the appropriate form of payment based on variables involving banking institutions and merchants; comparing each transaction against a dynamic credit file and routing based on set parameters;

and, if the payment system determines that everything is ready for payment to be made, adjusting the consumer's account (usually by debiting) and making payment directly to the billing entity. The single source service provider for consumer bill payment could be any entity with the capability to practice the invention as described hereinafter. The foregoing and other objects and advantages will become more apparent when viewed in light of the accompanying drawings and following detailed description.

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a diagrammatical representation of the creation of a consumer database;

Figure 2 is a diagrammatical representation of the establishment of a merchant's (billing entities) database and the making of payments;

Figure 3 is a diagrammatical representation of the creation of a consumer pay table;

Figures 4a is a diagrammatical representation of a payment processing cycle;

Figure 4b is a continuation of the diagram of Figure 4a;

Figure 4c is a continuation of the diagram of Figure 4b;

Figure 5 is a diagrammatical representation of a computer hardware system that may be used for accomplishing the present invention; and

Figure 6 is a diagrammatical representation of another computer hardware system that may be used for accomplishing the present invention.

# DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENT(S)

Referring now to the drawings, Figure 1 illustrates the steps in the creation of a consumer database for use with the present invention. The first step in the process is to establish a consumer's data records on the system. This may be accomplished by the consumer completing an authorization form 20 which would contain the needed information to input into the system concerning the consumer. This information may include the consumer's name, address, telephone number and other applicable information. The consumer would also provide a voided check from the consumer's personal checking account. The consumer's information may then be manually input via a keyboard 52 into the consumer database record 22. Default amounts may be set for an individual credit line parameter and for a total month-to-date parameter. These amounts establish the maximum unqualified credit risk exposure the service provider is willing to accept for an individual transaction and for the collective month-to-date transactions of a consumer. As explained hereinafter, the service provider may be at risk when paying a consumer's bills by a check written on the service provider's account.

From the voided check, the consumer's bank routing transit and individual account numbers at an institution are input into the computer system. This information may be edited against an internal financial institutions file (FIF) database 24 of the present invention. FIF 24 is a database of financial institutions' identification codes and account information for the consumer. This file edits the accuracy of the routing transit number and the bank account

number. If the numbers do not correspond with the correct routing and bank numbers, they are rejected and the data entry is done again. FIF 24 in conjunction with the software of the present invention also updates the consumer database 22 for both electronic and paper draft routing and account information. The needed information may be obtained from each banking institution and each consumer.

The consumer is notified by the service provider of his or her local phone number access and personal security code for informing the service provider that a bill is to be paid. This information may be stored in a phone access table 26. The personal security code may be much like an ATM machine four digit code. In addition, to comply with federal law, an electronic pre-note 28 will be created to be sent to the consumer's bank to inform the bank that the service provider is authorized to debit the consumer's account. For further security to the service provider, a consumer credit record 30 may be obtained. The default credit limit amounts over which the service provider may be unwilling to assume financial risk may be modified based on the information obtained from the credit report 30.

In Figure 2 the steps are shown for establishing merchants to be paid and the making of a payment. The consumer must inform the service provider or processor of a merchant's name, address, phone number and the consumer's account number with the merchant 32. The term "merchant" as used herein is intended to pertain to any person or entity that the consumer wishes to pay and is not to be limited to the usual merchants most consumers pay, such as the electric company, a home mortgage lender, etc. This information is put into a

merchant master file database 42 (MMF). The consumer may also indicate whether the merchant is a variable or fixed merchant. A variable merchant is one in which the date and amount of payment will vary each month. A fixed merchant is one in which the date and amount remain the same each month. If the merchant is fixed, the frequency of payment may be other than monthly, such as weekly, quarterly, etc. The consumer should inform the service provider of the date on which the merchant is to be paid and the amount to be paid.

Through a telecommunications terminal 34 (e.g., a push-button telephone or computer terminal), a consumer may initiate payment of bills. Through the terminal, the consumer may access his merchant list and input the payment date and amount. The system may be provided with a payment date editor 36 to insure that the date is valid and logical (i.e., payment dates already in the past or possibly a year or more into the future would be questioned). As payments are initiated, a consumer "checkbook register" may be created and automatically updated to reflect this activity. The merchant list can be visible on the consumer's personal computer screen. On a personal computer a consumer may enter merchant payment amounts and payment dates on the computer screen and then transmit this information to the service provider.

By telephone, the list may be presented by programmed voice. The voice may be programmed to ask the consumer if a particular merchant (selected from the consumer's MMF, which may be updated from time to time) is to be paid and to tell the consumer to press 1 if yes, or press 2 if no. If yes, the voice may instruct the consumer to enter the

amount to be paid by pressing the numbers on a touch tone phone. The asterisk button could be used as a decimal point. After the amount is entered, the voice may ask the consumer to enter the date on which payment is to be made to the merchant. This may be accomplished by assigning each month a number, such as January being month 01. The consumer may then enter month, day and year for payment. The programmed voice may be accomplished with a VRU (voice response unit) available from AT&T or other vendors. It may communicate with a data processor to obtain consumer information. At the end of the consumer's session on the terminal a confirmation number may be sent to the consumer, providing a record of the transaction.

In Figure 3 the steps are shown for the creation of the consumer pay table 38 and making updates to it. The consumer's files may be received at the service provider on a front end processor 40 that interfaces with the telecommunications network. The consumer's records may be edited 44 for validity by comparing to the merchants' account scheme. Any new merchant records are added to the consumer's pay table. New merchants are compared to the MMF 42 and appropriately cross-referenced to the pay table to check if a merchant record already exists. If no merchant record exists, a merchant record will be created on the MMF 42.

Payment records may also be received on the service provider's processor. The payment may first go through a validation process against the pay table. The validation process checks for duplicate payments and if duplicates are found they are sent to a reject

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

file. The validation process also verifies that merchants are set up and may check for multiple payments to be paid to a particular merchant. Orders for payment go to the consumer pay table to determine when the payment should be released and how it will be released for payment.

The service provider may pay merchants by a draft or check (paper) or by electronic funds transfer. To create a draft that will pass through the banking system, it must be specially inked. This may be accomplished by a printer which puts a micr code on drafts, like standard personal checks. For example, as shown in Figure 5, the front end processor 40 may be a DEC VAX which is connected to an IBM main frame 46 Model 4381. Consumers may call by telephone 35, a number that passes through the private bank exchange (PBX) 39 and contacts a voice response unit 41 in association with the front end processor 40. After the consumer's payment instructions are received an analysis is performed to determine the most cost effective and least risk mode of payment for the service provider to use. One preferred mode of payment is electronic funds transfer through the Federal Reserve Automated Clearing House (ACH) Network 47. If the service provider is not a bank, a bank intermediary may be needed to be connected to the Federal Reserve Network. Another payment mode is a charge to the consumer's credit card through the RPS Network 49. Additionally, an IBM Laser Printer attached to a micr post printer 48 may be used by the service provider to send drafts 76 or consolidated checks 78 to merchants. The main frame 46 has data storage means 50 and runs the FIF 24 and MMF 42 programs. It

may also have a tape drive or telecommunication interface for accomplishing electronic funds transfer. It should be recognized that various other hardware arrangements could be used to accomplish the present invention. Figure 6 illustrates a similar arrangement for use when the consumer is using a personal computer 37 to instruct the service provider. The personal computer may access the front end processor 40 through the standard X.25 Network 43.

Referring now to Figures 4a, 4b and 4c, the payment process is shown. The payment process may be cycled 56 each day or more or less frequently. The first step is to establish when payment items are to be processed. This may be accomplished through a processing calendar 58. A processing calendar 58 may be built into the system. The calendar 58 enables the system to consider each date, including weekends and the Federal Reserve holidays. Payments are released from the consumer pay table 38 using the due date. Any bank date, payments, or payments within a period such as four business days may be released the same day. All future payment dates would be stored in the consumer pay table 38. On-line inquiry may be made on the consumer pay table 38. The service provider has on-line capability to make changes to the consumer payment upon request until the day the payment is released. A consumer's merchant change may also affect the consumer's payment on the pay table 38.

The method of payment to the merchant may be either paper (draft or check) or electronic. There are several factors in the process used to determine if a payment will be

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

released as a paper item, or an ACH electronic transaction (automated clearing house; service provider is a party to transaction). Each consumer may be assigned a status such as: active = good; inactive = bad; and, pending = uncertain, risky. If a consumer's status is pending 60, when reviewing the payment file with the processing calendar 58, the payment should go out as a draft paper to protect the service provider. When payment is made by draft, the service provider is not a contractual party to the transaction. The consumer's bank account codes are actually encoded onto the draft prepared by the service provider and act much like the consumer's personal check. The draft has been specially designed for this process. The draft is payable to either the service provider or the particular merchant. This allows the draft to be delivered to the merchant for payment and depositing, but allows the draft to be legally payable by the bank, with proper authorization. Additionally, posting information for the merchant is contained on the body of the draft. To the applicant's knowledge, it is the first time a draft has been used in such a manner and with this unique design to accomplish this. If the consumer's bank transit number does not indicate an electronic bank 62 (i.e., a banking institution that will accept electronic funds transfer), the program associated with FIF 24 sends the payment as a draft. A pre-note 28 is required any time 64 new banking information is entered on a consumer and the bank shows on FIF 24 as an electronic receiving bank. The pre-note period is ten (10) days under federal law. Any payments released during this period are sent as paper.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

17

18

19

20

The third manner in which the service provider may pay bills is by a check written on the service provider's account. A consolidated check may be written if many customers have asked the service provider to pay the same merchant. Under this method of payment the service provider assumes some risk since the service provider writes the check on its own account. The service provider is later reimbursed by the (consumer's) banking institution.

As a means of minimizing risk to the service provider, any transaction may be compared to the MMF 42 credit limit. For example, if the check limit is greater than zero and the payment is \$50.00 or less 66, the item may be released as electronic 74 or by service provider check 78. If the payment is greater than \$50.00 but less than or equal to the merchant credit limit 68, the payment may be released as electronic payment 74 or check 78. Any payments within the merchant's credit limit 70 are added to the consumer's monthly ACH balance 72. This provides a monthly total billing day to billing day summary of the consumer's electronic payment activity. Any transaction may be compared to the consumer's database credit limit parameters. If a payment amount is greater than the consumer's credit limit, the item is released as a draft 76 which is written on the consumer's account. If the payment amount plus the total of electronic payments in a particular month is greater than the consumer's credit limit, the item is released as a draft 76. Items not released as paper are initiated as an ACH debit against the consumer's account.

The consumer database may be reviewed for proper electronic funds transfer (EFT) routing. Payment to the merchant may be accomplished one of three ways, depending on the

19

20

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

merchant's settlement code. Various merchant's settlement codes may be established. For example, a merchant set up with a settlement code "01" results in a check and remittance list 78 being mailed to the merchant. Merchants with a settlement code, such as "10" produce an ACH customer initiated entry (CIE). Merchants with a settlement code, such as, "13" produce a remittance processing system (RPS) credit.

In the consumer pay table, for fixed payments, a payment date gets rolled to the next scheduled payment date on the pay table. The number of remaining payments counter is decreased by one for each fixed payment made. For variable payments once made, the payment date is deleted on the consumer pay table. The schedule date and amount on the consumer pay table roll to zero. A consumer payment history may also be provided which show items such as process date as well as collection date, settlement method, and check number in addition to merchant name and amount.

The software of the present invention is designed in part to make several decisions relating to particular transactions for consumers. The following example is provided to more fully describe the software. This example is not intended to limit the application to the details described in the example and is only provided to further enhance the description of the invention already stated above.

For this example, assume that a consumer has five transactions of varying amounts for which the consumer has asked the service provider to arrange payment. For simplicity, assume that the five payments are to be made on the same day. First, the consumer database

22 is edited to validate the status, banking institution, and pre-note flags associated with the consumer's requested payments. The account numbers provided by the consumer for the merchants to be paid, are also checked to determine if they are valid. Assuming the merchant account numbers are valid, the program begins with the first dollar analysis.

For purposes of this example, the five payments the consumer has requested are in the amounts of: \$25.00; \$75.00; \$150.00; \$250.00; and \$1,000.00. The program will consider each dollar amount individually as it goes through the various edit modes. The first edit may be called a \$50.01 edit. In this example, any transaction that is less than \$50.01 is automatically sent as an ACH debit to the consumer's account. This means that the service provider uses ACH to electronically transfer funds from the consumer's account to the service provider's clearing account.

In this example, the initial payment of \$25.00 will satisfy the \$50.01 edit and therefore will be paid without any further edits being conducted for this particular payment. Continuing with the example, the next edit may be a merchant dollar edit that is established for the specific merchant to which the transaction is being sent. For purposes of this example, this edit is set at \$100.00 for all merchants. Different dollar edits can be incorporated for different merchants. In the example, the second payment request of the consumer, for \$75.00, meets the \$100.00 merchant edit parameter and is sent as an ACH debit to the consumer's account. Note that the \$75.00 payment would not have satisfied the

\$50.01 edit and therefore would have passed on to the second edit which in this case, is the merchant dollar edit.

The remaining three payments in the example exceed both the \$50.01 edit and the merchant \$100.00 edit and therefore, go to the next edit. In the example, the next edit is for a consumer individual transaction limit set at \$200.00. The \$150.00 payment is less than the \$200.00 consumer individual transaction limit and is, therefore, sent as an ACH debit to the consumer's account and paid. The other two remaining payments yet to be made exceed the \$200.00 limit in this example and pass to the next edit.

In the next edit, which happens to be the last edit in the example, the consumer's month-to-date "unqualified" risk limit is checked. In the example, the month-to-date limit is set at \$1,500. Assume that for this particular consumer \$400.00 of month-to-date payments have already been made on the consumer's behalf. Added to the \$400.00 would be the three payments made above for \$25.00, \$75.00 and \$150.00. So an additional \$250.00 is added to the \$400.00 month-to-date for a total of \$650.00 "unqualified" risk for the current month-to-date amount. The next payment to be made is for \$250.00 and would fall within the \$1,500 month-to-date limit when added to the current \$650.00 risk amount. Therefore, the \$250.00 payment is made and an ACH debit is sent to the consumer's account. This brings the total month-to-date "unqualified" risk amount to \$900.00. The final \$1,000 payment has not been paid and would send the "unqualified" risk amount over \$1,500 when added to the \$900.00. Since the final payment of \$1,000 in the example fails the consumer

month-to-date limit edit, the \$1,000 payment would be sent as a paper draft directly drawn on the consumer's account, and for which the service provider has no liability. In the example, the final step would be updating the consumer month-to-date current total to \$900.00.

The apparatus for and method of bill payment of the present invention and many of its attendant advantages will be understood from the foregoing description. It will be apparent that various changes may be made in the form and steps thereof without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention or sacrificing all of its advantages.

#### WE CLAIM:

 A method of paying bills using a computer, comprising the steps of: receiving requests to pay a plurality of bills of a particular merchant on behalf of a plurality of particular consumers;

searching a database of deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by a plurality of consumers including each of the plurality of particular consumers, to identify the deposit account numbers of the deposit accounts of each of the plurality of particular consumers;

paying the plurality of bills of each of the plurality of particular consumers by a single financial instrument.

- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the step of paying the plurality of bills by a single financial instrument includes the step of directing payment of the plurality of bills from funds in a deposit account of a service provider.
  - 3. The method of claim 2 further comprising the step of:

transferring funds to the deposit account of the service provider from the deposit accounts represented by each of the identified deposit account numbers.

- 4. The method of claim 2 wherein the step of paying the plurality of bills includes the step of preparing a check written on funds in the deposit account of the service provider.
- 5. The method of claim 2 wherein the step of paying the plurality of bills includes the step of initiating an electronic funds transfer from funds in the deposit account of the service provider.
- 6. The method of claim 3 wherein the step of transferring funds to the deposit account of the service provider includes the step of preparing a draft written on funds in the deposit account represented by a particular consumer's identified deposit account number.
- 7. The method of claim 3, wherein the step of transferring funds to the deposit account of the service provider includes the step of initiating an electronic funds transfer from funds in the deposit account represented by a particular consumer's identified deposit account number.
  - 8. A method of paying bills using a computer, comprising the steps of:

4
5
6
7
8
9
1
2
3
1
2
1

3

	receiving	a	request	to	pay	a	bill	of a	particular	merchant	on	behalf	of a
particular cons													

searching a database of deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by one of a plurality of consumers including the particular consumer, to identify a deposit account number of the deposit account of the particular consumer; and,

directing payment of the bill from funds in the deposit account represented by the identified deposit account number.

- 9. The method of claim 8 wherein the step of directing payment of the bill from funds in the deposit account further comprises the step of:

  preparing a draft drawn on funds in the deposit account.
  - 10. The method of claim 9 further comprising the step of: including posting information on the draft.
- 11. The method of claim 8 wherein the step of directing payment of the bill from funds in the deposit account further comprises the step of:

  initiating an electronic funds transfer from the deposit account.

	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
ĺ	0	
	1	
	2	
	1	-
	2	
	3	
	1	

12. A method of paying bills using a computer, comprising the steps of: receiving an instruction to pay a bill of a particular merchant on behalf of a particular consumer;

searching a database having deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by a plurality of consumers including the particular consumer, to identify the deposit account number of the deposit account of the particular consumer;

selecting a payment type; and,

directing payment of the bill by the type of payment selected from funds in the identified deposit account.

- 13. The method of claim 12 wherein the step of selecting a payment type includes the step of comparing the amount of the bill to be paid to a predetermined amount.
- 14. The method of claim 12 wherein the step of selecting a payment type includes the step of identifying a payment type indicator associated with the particular merchant.
- 15. The method of claim 14 wherein the step of identifying a payment type indicator associated with the particular merchant includes the step of searching a

merchant database having a payment type indicator associated with each of a plurality of merchants including the particular merchant.

16. The method of claim 12 further comprising the steps of:

receiving a deposit account number representing a deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by a particular consumer;

storing the deposit account number in a database of deposit account numbers; comparing a particular consumer's deposit account number in the deposit account number database with the particular consumer's deposit account number in a financial institutions database to determine if the consumer's deposit account number in the deposit account number database is correct; and,

correcting the deposit account number if the deposit account number in the deposit account number database is not correct.

17. The method of claim 12 wherein said step of selecting a payment type further comprises the step of:

selecting a payment type from a check written on funds in a deposit account other than the deposit account represented by the identified deposit account number, a draft written on funds in the deposit account represented by the identified deposit account number,

7	
1	
2	
3	
4	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	-
10	

and,

and an electronic funds transfer of funds in the deposit account represented by the identified deposit account number;

18. The method of claim 12 further comprising the steps of: determining if the request to pay the bill is a duplicate of a previous request;

terminating the request if the request is a duplicate request.

19. A method of paying bills using a computer, comprising the steps of: receiving a request to pay a bill of a particular merchant on behalf of a particular consumer;

searching a database of deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by one of a plurality of consumers including the particular consumer, to identify a deposit account number of the deposit account of the particular consumer;

paying the bill from funds in a deposit account of the service provider; and, transferring funds to the deposit account of the service provider from the deposit account represented by the identified deposit account number.

20. The method of claim 19 further comprising the steps of:

2	determining if the request to pay the bill is a duplicate of a previous request;
3	and,
4	terminating the request if the request is a duplicate request.
1	21. An article of manufacture, comprising:
2	a computer readable medium; and
3	computer software stored on the computer readable medium, the computer
4	software comprising a set of instructions directing a computer to perform the steps of:
5	receiving requests to pay a plurality of bills of a particular merchant
6	on behalf of a plurality of particular consumers;
7	searching a database of deposit account numbers, each representing
8	a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial
9	institutions by a plurality of consumers including each of the plurality of particular
10	consumers, to identify the deposit account numbers of the deposit accounts of each of the
11	plurality of particular consumers; and,
12	paying the plurality of bills of each of the plurality of particular
13	consumers by a single financial instrument.
1	22. An article of manufacture, comprising:
2	a computer readable medium; and

3	computer software stored on the computer readable medium, the computer
4	software comprising a set of instructions directing a computer to perform the steps of:
5	receiving a request to pay a bill of a particular merchant on behalf of
6	a particular consumer;
7	searching a database of deposit account numbers, each representing
8	a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial
9	institutions by one of a plurality of consumers including the particular consumer, to identify
10	a deposit account number of the deposit account of the particular consumer;
11	paying the bill from funds in a deposit account of the service provider;
12	and,
13	transferring funds to the deposit account of the service provider from
14	the deposit account represented by the identified deposit account number.
1	23. An article of manufacture, comprising:
2	a computer readable medium; and
3	computer software stored on the computer readable medium, the computer
4	software comprising a set of instructions directing a computer to perform the steps of:
5	receiving a request to pay a bill of a particular merchant on behalf of
6	a particular consumer;

searching a database of deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by one of a plurality of consumers including the particular consumer, to identify a deposit account number of the deposit account of the particular consumer; and,

directing payment of the bill from funds in the deposit account represented by the identified deposit account number.

# 24. An article of manufacture, comprising:

a computer readable medium; and

computer software stored on the computer readable medium, the computer software comprising a set of instructions directing a computer to perform the steps of:

receiving an instruction to pay a bill of a particular merchant on behalf of a particular consumer;

searching a database having deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by a plurality of consumers including the particular consumer, to identify the deposit account number of the deposit account of the particular consumer;

selecting a payment type; and,

directing payment of the bill by the type of payment selected from funds in the identified deposit account.

25		•	1 *11 *		
25.	A system to	ar naving	hills iisino	a computer,	comprising
	A E DJ DOULLE IN	J PWJ ****5	OIIID GDIIIE	a compacer,	OOMPHILI

means for receiving requests to pay a plurality of bills of a particular merchant on behalf of a plurality of particular consumers;

a database of deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by a plurality of consumers including each of the plurality of particular consumers, searchable by the computer to identify the deposit account numbers of the deposit accounts of each of the plurality of particular consumers at one of the plurality of associated financial institutions;

means for paying the plurality of bills of each of the plurality of particular consumers by a single financial instrument.

# 26. A system for paying bills using a computer, comprising:

means for receiving a request to pay a bill of a particular merchant on behalf of a particular consumer;

a database of deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by one of a plurality of consumers including the particular consumer, searchable by the computer to identify a deposit account number of the deposit account of the particular consumer; and,

	9
	10
	11
	1
esi.	2
	3
	4
ä	5
11 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	6
	7
4	8
17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	9
	10
	11
	1

means for directing payment of the bill from funds in the deposit account represented by the identified deposit account number.

- 27. The system of claim 26 further comprising: means for selecting a payment type.
- 28. A system for paying bills using a computer, comprising:

means for receiving a request to pay a bill of a particular merchant on behalf of a particular consumer;

a database of deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by one of a plurality of consumers including the particular consumer, searchable by the computer to identify a deposit account number of the deposit account of the particular consumer;

means for paying the bill from funds in a deposit account of the service provider; and,

means for transferring funds to the deposit account of the service provider from the deposit account represented by the identified deposit account number.

29. A system for paying bills using a computer, comprising:

a communications switch connected to a network for receiving requests to pay a plurality of bills of a particular merchant on behalf of a plurality of particular consumers;

a database of deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by a plurality of consumers including each of the plurality of particular consumers, searchable by the computer to identify the deposit account numbers of the deposit accounts of each of the plurality of particular consumers; and,

a computer processor in communication with the network and the database for paying the plurality of bills of each of the plurality of particular consumers by a single financial instrument.

# 30. A system for paying bills using a computer, comprising:

a communications switch connected to a network for receiving a request to pay a bill of a particular merchant on behalf of a particular consumer;

a database of deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by one of a plurality of consumers including the particular consumer, searchable by the computer to identify a deposit account number of the deposit account of the particular consumer; and,

a computer processor in communication with the network and the database for directing payment of the bill from funds in the deposit account represented by the identified deposit account number.

- 31. The system of claim 30 wherein the computer processor selects a payment type.
  - 32. A system for paying bills using a computer, comprising:

a communications switch connected to a network for receiving a request to pay a bill of a particular merchant on behalf of a particular consumer;

a database of deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by one of a plurality of consumers including the particular consumer, searchable by the computer to identify a deposit account number of the deposit account of the particular consumer at one of the plurality of associated financial institutions; and,

a computer processor in communication with the network and the database for paying the bill from funds in a deposit account of the service provider and transferring funds to the deposit account of the service provider from the deposit account represented by the identified deposit account number.

7

1

33. A database for use with a system for paying bills using a computer, comprising:

deposit account numbers, each representing a respective deposit account maintained at one of a plurality of associated financial institutions by one of a plurality of consumers including the particular consumer, the database being searchable by the computer to identify a deposit account number of the deposit account of the particular consumer at one of the plurality of associated financial institutions.

COLUMBUS/0510172 01

# **ABSTRACT**

A computerized payment system by which a consumer may instruct a service provider by telephone, computer terminal, or other telecommunications means to pay various bills without the consumer having to write a check for each bill. The system operates without restriction as to where the consumer banks and what bills are to be paid. The service provider collects consumers' information, financial institutions' information and merchant information and arranges payment based on a financial risk analysis to the merchants according to the consumers' instructions.

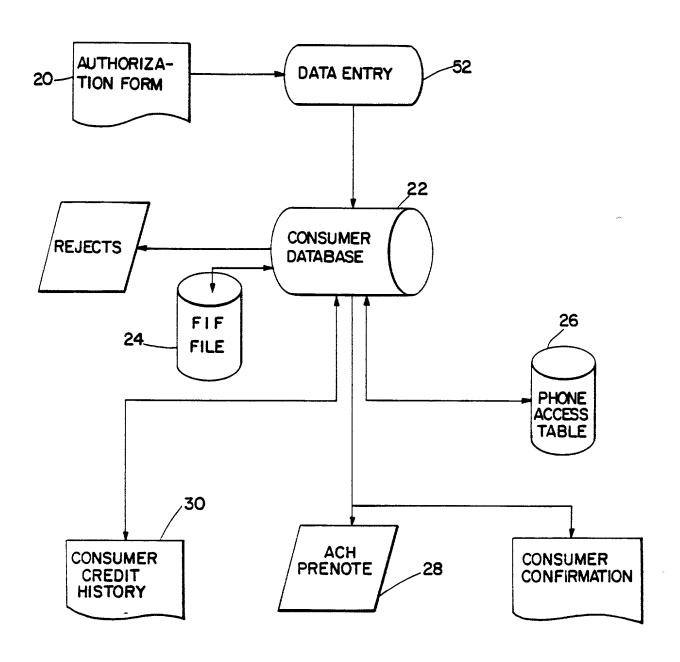


Fig. 1

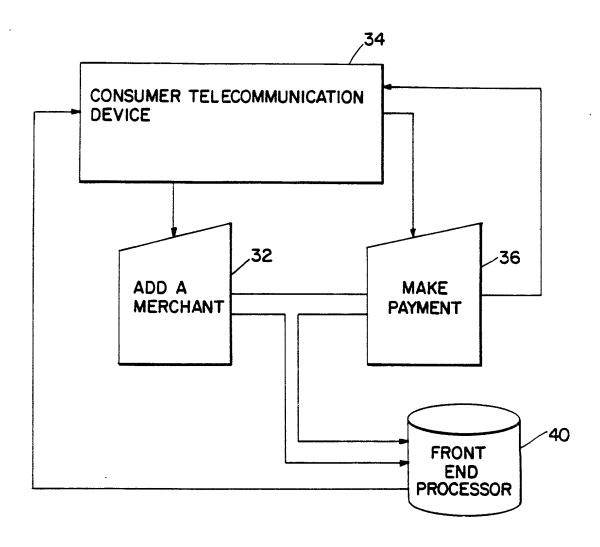
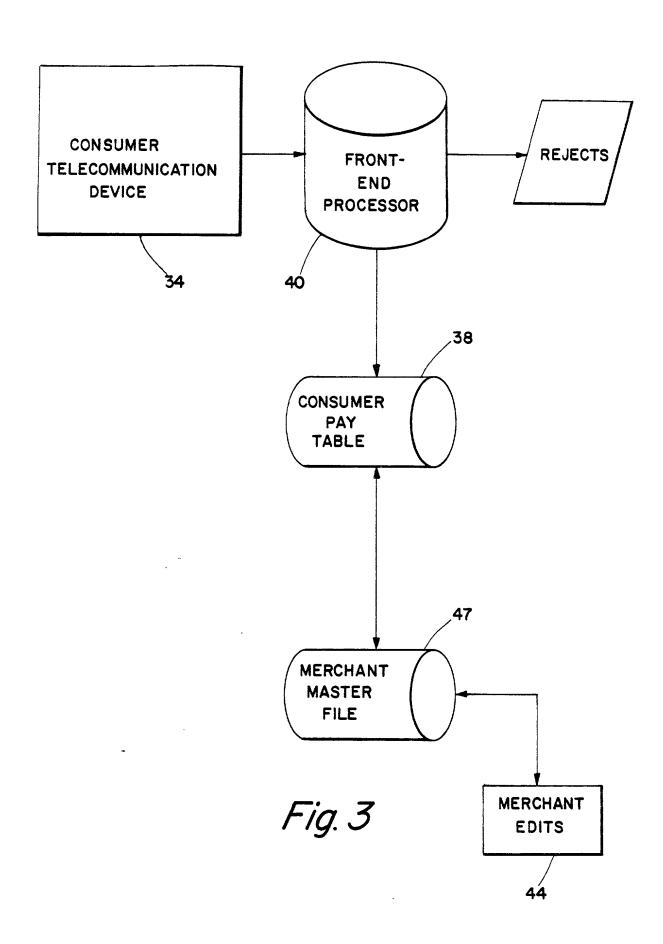
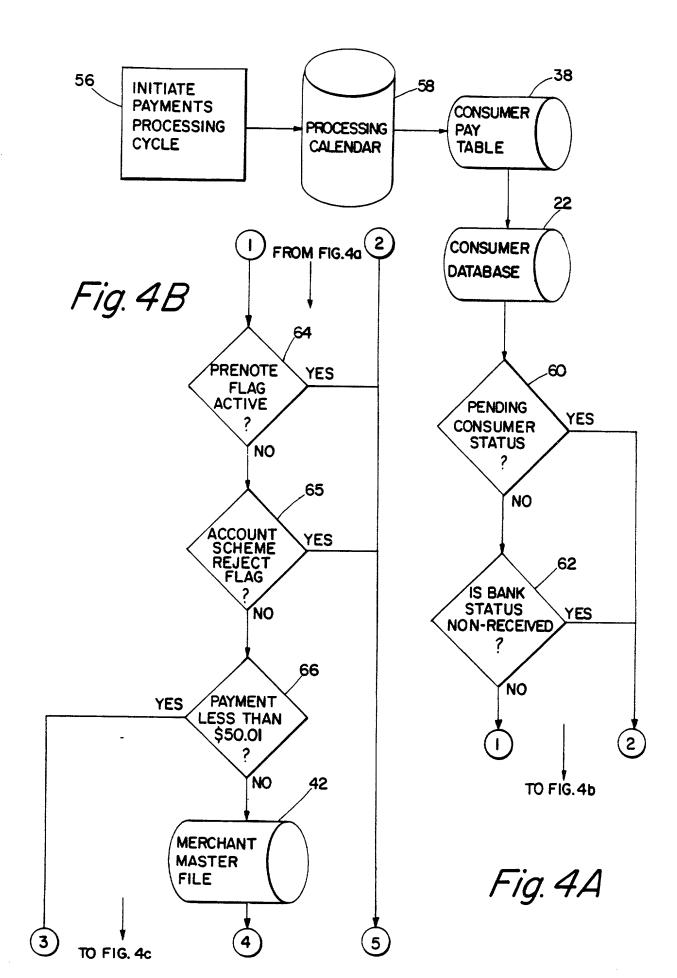
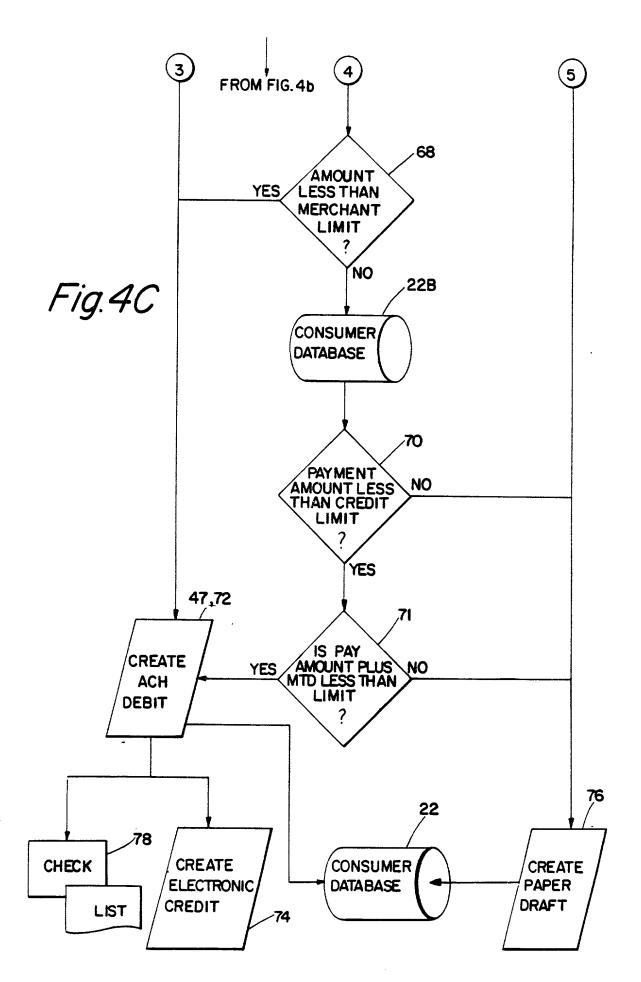
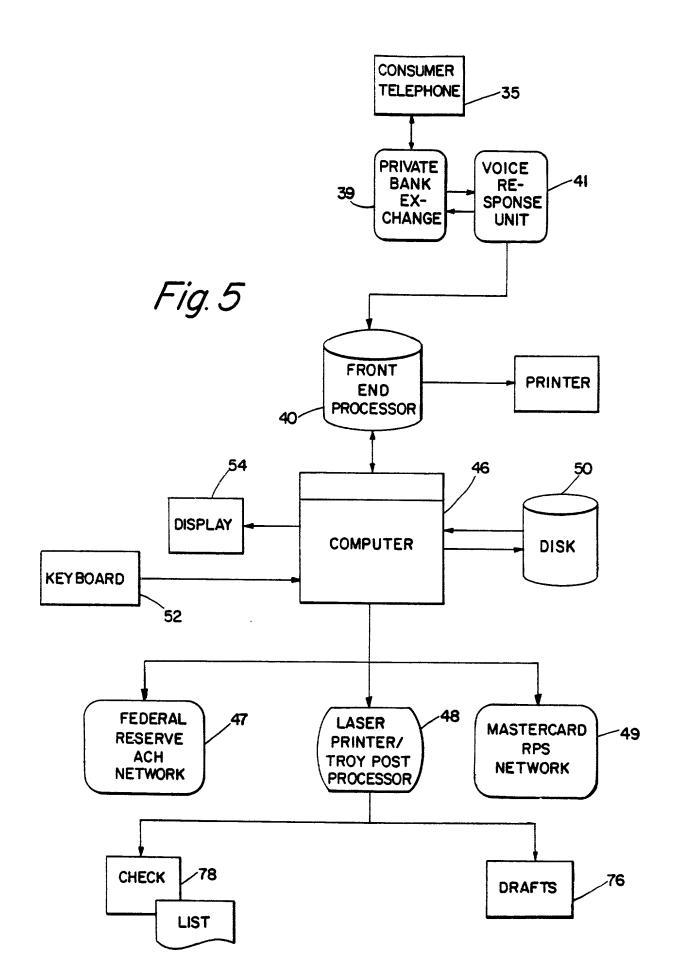


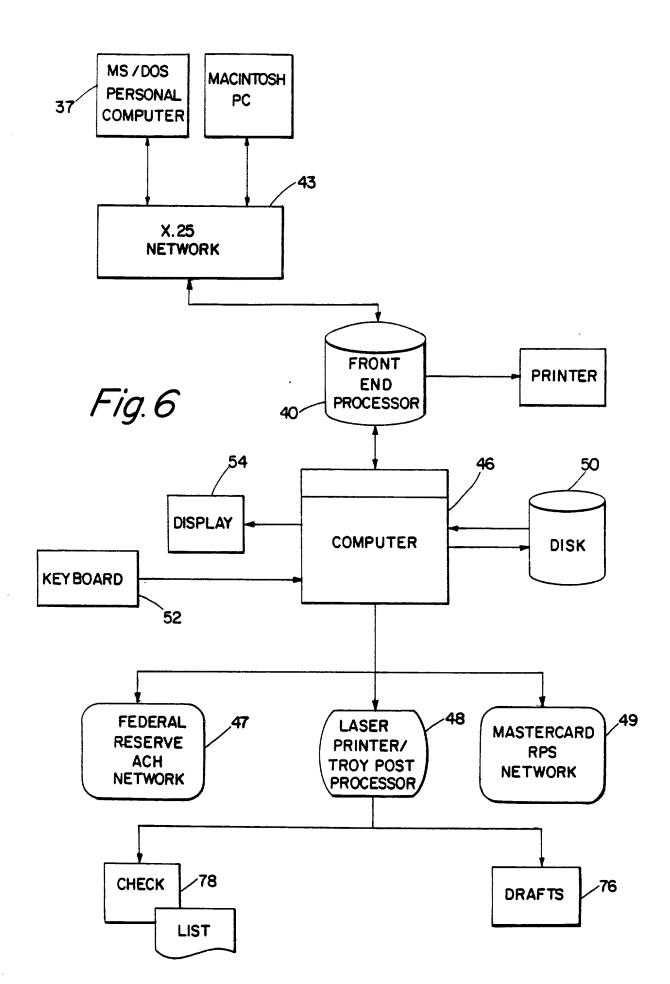
Fig. 2













# DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

Docket No. 1761100-75803

As the below named inventors, we hereby declare that:

Our residence, post office addresses and citizenships are as stated below next to our names.

We believe we are the original, first and joint inventors of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled APPARATUS FOR AND METHOD OF BILL PAYMENT the specification of which is filed herewith.

We hereby state that we have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

We acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

We hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign applications for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Applications: None

We hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, we acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

None
(Application Serial No.) (Filing Date) (Status-patented, pending, abandoned)

We hereby appoint the following attorney and/or agent to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Jeffrey S. Standley (Reg. No. 34,021)

Eric S. Lucas (Reg. No. 34,215)

Address all telephone calls to: Jeffrey S. Standley (614) 227-2030

Address all correspondence to: Porter, Wright, Morris & Arthur Attn: Patricia E. Lanier, C.L.A. 41 South High Street Columbus, Ohio 43215

We hereby declare that all statements made herein of our knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of inventor: Peter J. Kight	
Inventor's signature	Date/
Residence: Citizenship	e: U.S.A.
Full name of inventor: Mark A. Johnson	
Inventor's signature Mak a plus	Date 7/25/91
Residence: 6551 Decsut December Citizenship	: U.S.A.
Full name of inventor: Tamara K. Christenson	
Inventor's signature	Date
Residence: Citizenship	: U.S.A.
Full name of inventor: Regina Lach	
Inventor's signature Regna Lock	Date 7/25/9/
Residence: 1540 Chalure Ed Citizenship	
Full name of inventor: Philip Pointer  Inventor's signature  (77)	Date 7/75/91
Residence: 57014 Boulds Gest Columbia 0 h 43135 Citizenship	: U.S.A.
Full name of inventor: Kenneth Cook  Inventor's signature Kenneth W Cock	Date7/25/91
Residence: 4484 Wrangell fl.  2) James Cit 4333c Citizenship	
JSS-58(1-2)	

#### DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION

Docket No. 1761100-75803

As the below named inventors, we hereby declare that:

Our residence, post office addresses and citizenships are as stated below next to our names.

We believe we are the original, first and joint inventors of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled APPARATUS FOR AND METHOD OF BILL PAYMENT, the specification of which was filed on July 25, 1991 in patent application Serial No. 07/736,071.

We hereby state that we have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

We acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

We hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign applications for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Applications: None

We hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, we acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.) (Filing Date) (Status-patented, pending, abandoned)

We hereby appoint the following attorney and/or agent to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith: Jeffrey S. Standley (Reg. No. 34,021)

Eric S. Lucas (Reg. No. 34,215)

Address all telephone calls to: Jeffrey S. Standley (614) 227-2030

Address all correspondence to: Porter, Wright, Morris & Arthur Attn: Patricia E. Lanier, C.L.A. 41 South High Street Columbus, Ohio 43215

We hereby declare that all statements made herein of our knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full name of inventor: Peter J. Kight	
Inventor's signature	Date
Residence:	
	Citizenship: U.S.A.
Full name of inventor: Mark A. Johnson	
Inventor's signature	Date
Residence:	
	Citizenship: U.S.A.
Full name of inventor: Tamara K. Christe	
Inventor's signature James K. Chiate	Date 8/27/9/
Residence: 475 Forstward DR Gahanna OH, 43239	
<u>Czahanna OH, 43239</u>	Citizenship: U.S.A.
Full name of inventor: Regina Lach	
Inventor's signature	Date
Residence:	
•	Citizenship: U.S.A.
Full name of inventor: Philip Pointer	
Inventor's signature	Date
Residence:	
	Citizenship: U.S.A.
Full name of inventor: Kenneth Cook	
Inventor's signature	Date
Residence:	
	Citizenship: U.S.A.
JSS-58(1-2)	